

UČNI NAČRT PREDMETA/COURSE SYLLABUS

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| Predmet: | OSNOVE PROSTORSKEGA MODELIRANJA |
| Course title: | BASICS OF SPATIAL MODELLING |

| Študijski program in stopnja Study programme and level | Študijska smer Study field | Letnik Academic year | Semester Semester |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| GOSPODARSKA IN TEHNIŠKA LOGISTIKA 1.stopnja | | 2. | 3. |
| PROFESSIONAL HIGHER EDUCATION STUDY PROGRAMME ECONOMIC AND TECHNICAL LOGISTICS 1 st degree | | 2. | 3. |

Vrsta predmeta / Course type: OBVEZNI

Univerzitetna koda predmeta / University course code: VS

| Predavanja Lectures | Seminar Seminar | vaje Tutorial | Klinične vaje Laboratory work | Druge oblike študija Field work | Samost. delo Individ. work | ECTS |
|------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| 15 e-P 15 a-P | | 18 e-V 27 a-V | | | 135 | 7 |

Nosilec predmeta / Lecturer: KLEMEN PRAH

Jeziki / Predavanja / Lectures: SLOVENSKI / SLOVENE
 Languages: Vaje / Tutorial: SLOVENSKI / SLOVENE

Pogoji za vključitev v delo oz. za opravljanje študijskih obveznosti: Ni pogojev. Prerequisites: None.

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| <p>Vsebina:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Osnove matematičnega modeliranja logističnih procesov. Osnove teorije grafov kot orodje za modeliranje. Algoritmi za optimizacijo logističnih modelov. Teoretično – metodološke osnove GIS-a. Aplikacija modelov in njihova optimizacija v GIS-u. | <p>Content (Syllabus outline):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basics of mathematical modelling of logistics processes. Basics of graph theory as a tool for modelling. Algorithms for optimisation of logistics models. Theoretic-methodological basics of GIS. Model application and their optimisation in GIS. |
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Temeljni literatura in viri / Readings:

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| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. E-gradivo predmeta. 2. Heywood, I., Cornelius, S., Carver, S., 2011. An Introduction to Geographical Information Systems. Fourth edition. Pearson. 3. Kvamme K., Oštir-Sedej, K., Stančič, Z., Šumrada, R., 1997. Geografski informacijski sistemi. Znanstvenoraziskovalni center Slovenske akademije znanosti in umetnosti Ljubljana, 19-21. 4. Wilson, R.J., Watkins, J.J., Graphs, An introductory approach, John Wiley, New York, 1990. (Slovene translation: Uvod v teorijo grafov, DMFA Ljubljana 1997.) 5. ArcGIS Desktop ArcMap https://desktop.arcgis.com/en/arcmap/ 6. ArcGIS Pro: https://www.esri.com/en-us/arcgis/products/arcgis-pro/resources |
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| <p>Cilji in kompetence:</p> <p>Študenti:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> spoznajo osnove modeliranja logističnih procesov, izgradnjo modelov in njihovo optimizacijo, | <p>Objectives and competences:</p> <p>Students:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> are familiarized with the basics of modelling logistics processes and their optimization, |
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- spoznajo osnovna matematična orodja za modeliranje in se naučijo izgraditi modeli enostavnih logističnih procesov,
- spoznajo osnove Geografskih informacijskih sistemov in njihovo uporabo v logistiki, naučijo se aplicirati izgrajene modeli v GIS-u.

- are familiarized with the basic mathematical tools for modelling and learn to create models for simple logistics processes,
- learn about the basics of GIS and their use in logistics, they learn to apply their models to practical situations using GIS.

Predvideni študijski rezultati:

- Študenti znajo:
- pojasniti vlogo in pomen GIS modeliranja v logistiki,
 - opredeliti namen in osnove GIS-a,
 - spoznajo osnove GIS-a,
 - uporabiti osnovna orodja GIS-a za modeliranje osnovnih logističnih problemov.

Intended learning outcomes:

- Students learn:
- how to explain the role and importance of GIS ,
 - about the purpose and basics of GIS,
 - to get to know the basics of GIS,
 - use the basic GIS tools for modelling basic,
 - logistics problems.

Metode poučevanja in učenja:

Predavanja: pri predavanjih študent spozna teoretične vsebine predmeta. Del predavanj se izvaja na klasični način v predavalnici, del pa v obliki e-predavanj (e-predavanja se lahko izvajajo na videokonferenčni način ali s pomočjo posebej v ta namen didaktično pripravljenih e-gradiv v virtualnem elektronskem učnem okolju).

Vaje: pri vajah študent utrdi teoretično znanje in spozna aplikativne možnosti. Del vaj se izvaja na klasični način v predavalnici, del pa v obliki e-vaj (e-vaje se lahko izvajajo na videokonferenčni način ali s pomočjo posebej v ta namen didaktično pripravljenih e-gradiv v virtualnem elektronskem učnem okolju).

Learning and teaching methods:

Lectures: students understand the theoretical frameworks of the course. Part of the lecture course is in a classroom while the rest is in the form of e-learning (e-lectures may be given via video-conferencing or with the help of specially designed e-material in a virtual electronic learning environment).

Tutorials: Students enhance their theoretical knowledge and are able to apply it. Part of the seminar is in a classroom while the rest is in the form of e-learning (e-tutorials may be given via video-conferencing or with the help of specially designed e-material in a virtual electronic learning environment).

| Načini ocenjevanja: | Delež (v %) / Weight (in %) | Assessment: |
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| Opravljene obveznosti e-predavanj in e-vaj so pogoj za pristop k izpitu. | | Successful completion of e-lectures and e-tutorials is a prerequisite for entering the exam. |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Teoretični del izpita (pisno). • Praktični del izpita. • Seminarska naloga | <p>35%</p> <p>35%</p> <p>30%</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Theoretical examination (written). • Practical examination. • Seminar paper. |
| Teoretični in praktični del izpita morata biti vsak posebej pozitivna. | | Theoretical and practical examination must be individually positive. |

Reference nosilca / Lecturer's references:

1. KRAMBERGER, Tomaž, ŽEROVNIK, Janez. Priority constrained Chinese postman problem. *Logistics and sustainable transport*, 22-05-07, vol. 1, no 1, 15 str.
2. KRAMBERGER, Tomaž, ŽEROVNIK, Janez. A contribution to environmentally friendly winter road maintenance: optimizing road de-icing. *Transp. res., Part D Transp. environ.* [Print ed.], July 2008, vol. 13, iss. 5, str. 340-346. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.trd.2008.03.007>, doi: [10.1016/j.trd.2008.03.007](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.trd.2008.03.007).
3. KRAMBERGER, Tomaž, ŠTRUBELJ, Gregor, ŽEROVNIK, Janez. Chinese postman problem with priority nodes. *Fund. Computing Decis. Sci.*, 2009, vol. 34, no. 4, str. 233-264.
4. KRAMBERGER, Tomaž, DRAGAN, Dejan, PRAH, Klemen. A heuristic approach to reduce carbon dioxide emissions. *Proceedings of the Institution of Civil Engineers - Transport*, ISSN 0965-092X. [Print ed.], Okt. 2014, vol. 167, iss. 5, str. 296-305. <http://www.icevirtuallibrary.com/content/article/10.1680/tran.11.00053> , doi: [10.1680/tran.11.00053](https://doi.org/10.1680/tran.11.00053). [COBISS.SI-ID 512554557]

5. KRAMBERGER, Tomaž, ŽEROVNIK, Janez, ŠTRUBELJ, Gregor, PRAH, Klemen. GIS technology as an environment for testing an advanced mathematical model for optimization of road maintenance. Central European Journal of Operations Research, ISSN 1435-246X, June 2013, vol. 21, issue 1-Supplement, str. 59-73, doi: 10.1007/s10100-012-0265-4. [COBISS.SI-ID 512429885]